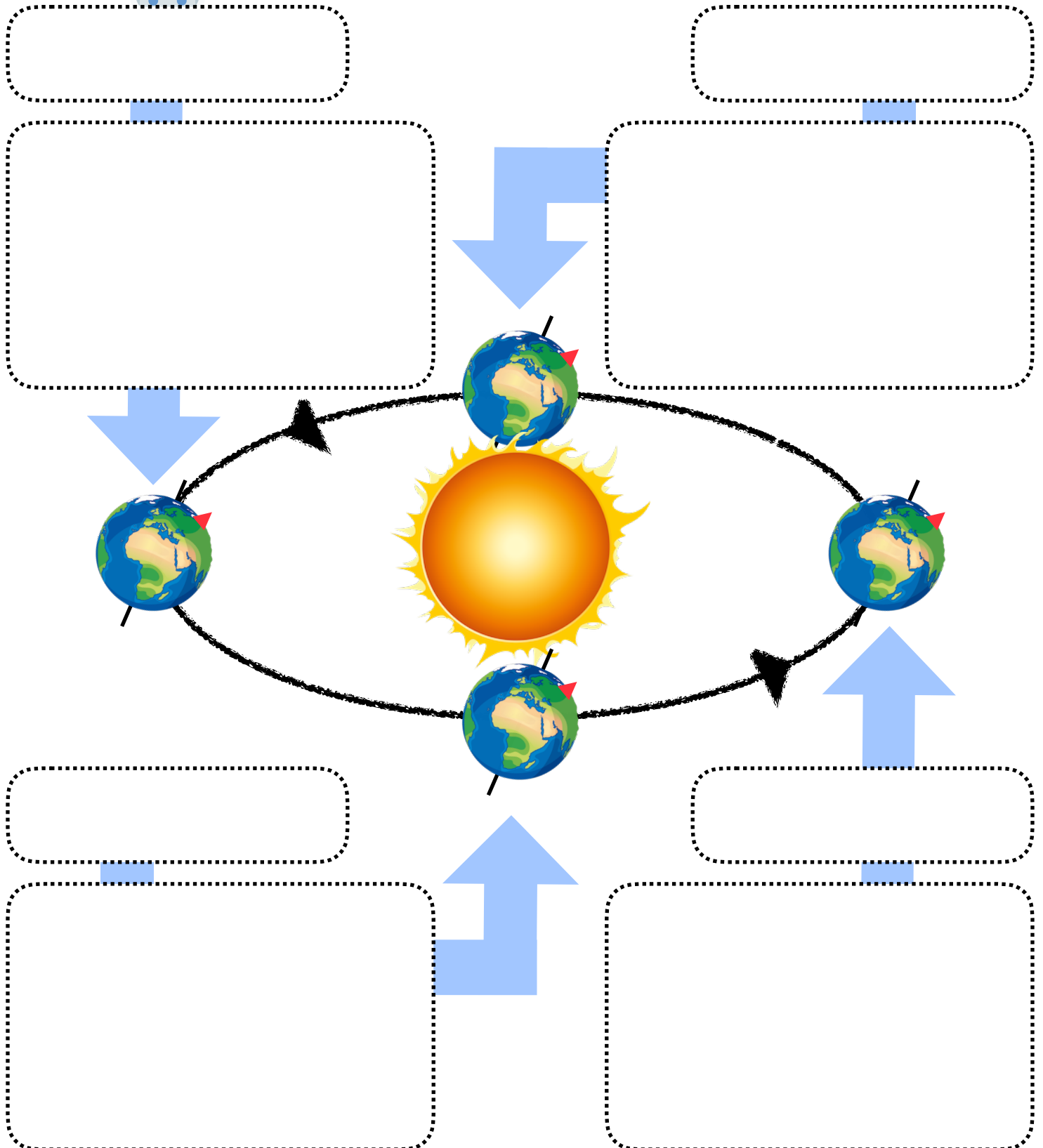


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_



Stick the correct Season Label and description next to the correct position of Earth for each season in the Northern Hemisphere.

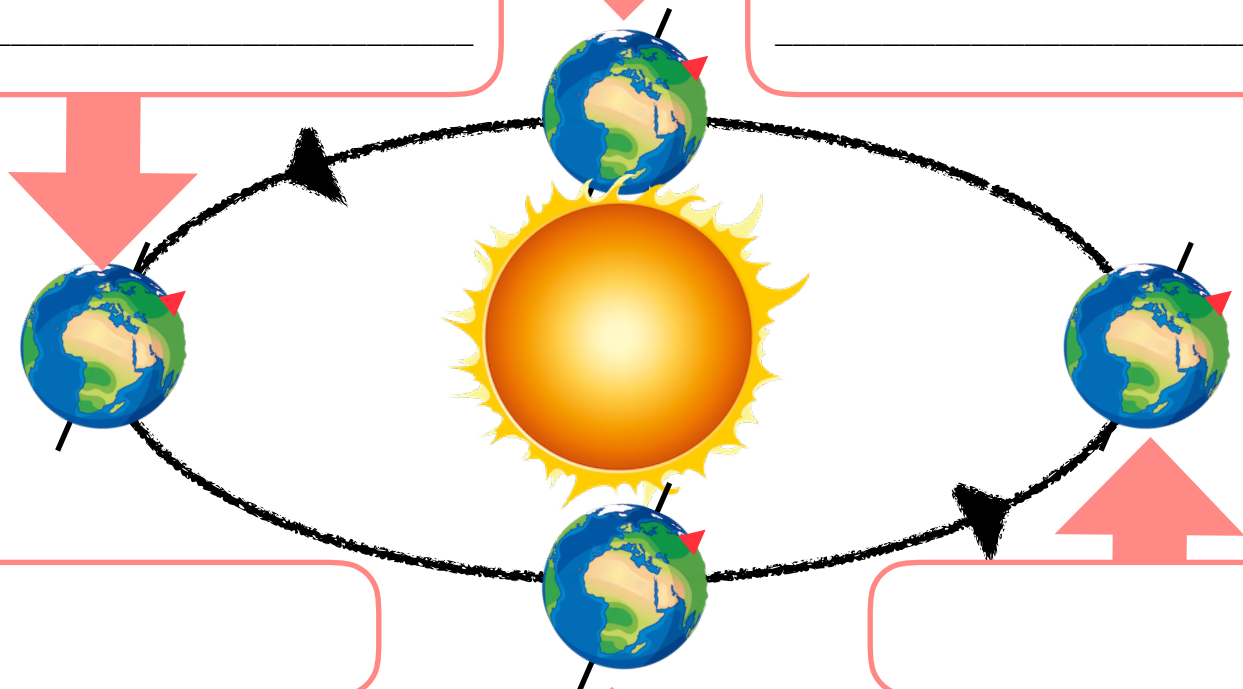


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_



Label the positions in Earth's orbit with the correct season that the Northern Hemisphere is in. Explain how you know and some other facts you know about each season.



|        |        |        |         |           |         |            |          |
|--------|--------|--------|---------|-----------|---------|------------|----------|
| summer | winter | autumn | spring  | longer    | shorter | northern   | southern |
| warmer | colder | tilted | towards | away from | orbit   | hemisphere | month    |

The Northern Hemisphere is not tilted towards, or away from the Sun.  
Earth will be moving into a position where the Northern Hemisphere will be tilted towards the Sun.  
The days are beginning to become longer and the weather is getting warmer.

The Northern Hemisphere is not tilted towards, or away from the Sun.  
Earth will be moving into a position where the Northern Hemisphere will be tilted away from the Sun.  
The days are beginning to become shorter and the weather is getting colder.

The Northern Hemisphere is tilted towards the Sun.  
The days are the longest they will be all year and the weather is warm.  
This season occurs during the months of June, July and August.

The Northern Hemisphere is tilted away from the Sun.  
The days are the shortest they will be all year and the weather is cold.  
This season occurs during the months of December, January and February.

Spring

Summer

Autumn

Winter

The Northern Hemisphere is not tilted towards, or away from the Sun.  
Earth will be moving into a position where the Northern Hemisphere will be tilted towards the Sun.  
The days are beginning to become longer and the weather is getting warmer.

The Northern Hemisphere is not tilted towards, or away from the Sun.  
Earth will be moving into a position where the Northern Hemisphere will be tilted away from the Sun.  
The days are beginning to become shorter and the weather is getting colder.

The Northern Hemisphere is tilted towards the Sun.  
The days are the longest they will be all year and the weather is warm.  
This season occurs during the months of June, July and August.

The Northern Hemisphere is tilted away from the Sun.  
The days are the shortest they will be all year and the weather is cold.  
This season occurs during the months of December, January and February.

Spring

Summer

Autumn

Winter

Spring

Autumn

The days are beginning to become longer and the weather is getting warmer.

Earth will be moving into a position where the Northern Hemisphere will be tilted away from the Sun.

The Northern Hemisphere is tilted away from the Sun.

This season occurs during the months of June, July and August.

The days are the shortest they will be all year and the weather is cold.

The days are beginning to become shorter and the weather is getting colder.

The Northern Hemisphere is not tilted towards, or away from the Sun.

Earth will be moving into a position where the Northern Hemisphere will be tilted towards the Sun.

This season occurs during the months of December, January and February.

The Northern Hemisphere is tilted towards the Sun.

The days are the longest they will be all year and the weather is warm.

The Northern Hemisphere is not tilted towards, or away from the Sun.

Summer

Winter

Spring

Autumn

The days are beginning to become longer and the weather is getting warmer.

Earth will be moving into a position where the Northern Hemisphere will be tilted away from the Sun.

The Northern Hemisphere is tilted away from the Sun.

This season occurs during the months of June, July and August.

The days are the shortest they will be all year and the weather is cold.

The days are beginning to become shorter and the weather is getting colder.

The Northern Hemisphere is not tilted towards, or away from the Sun.

Earth will be moving into a position where the Northern Hemisphere will be tilted towards the Sun.

This season occurs during the months of December, January and February.

The Northern Hemisphere is tilted towards the Sun.

The days are the longest they will be all year and the weather is warm.

The Northern Hemisphere is not tilted towards, or away from the Sun.

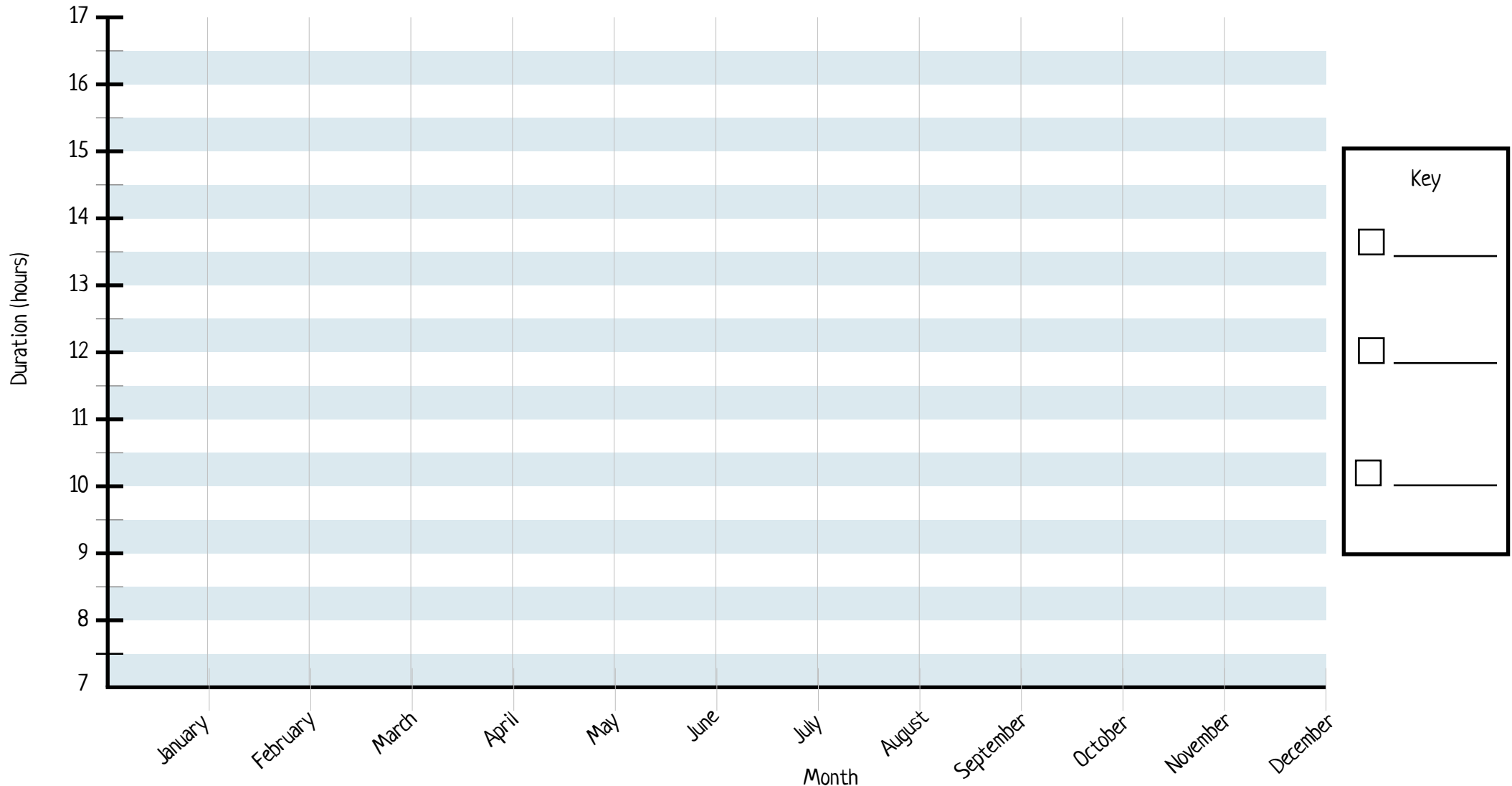
Summer

Winter

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

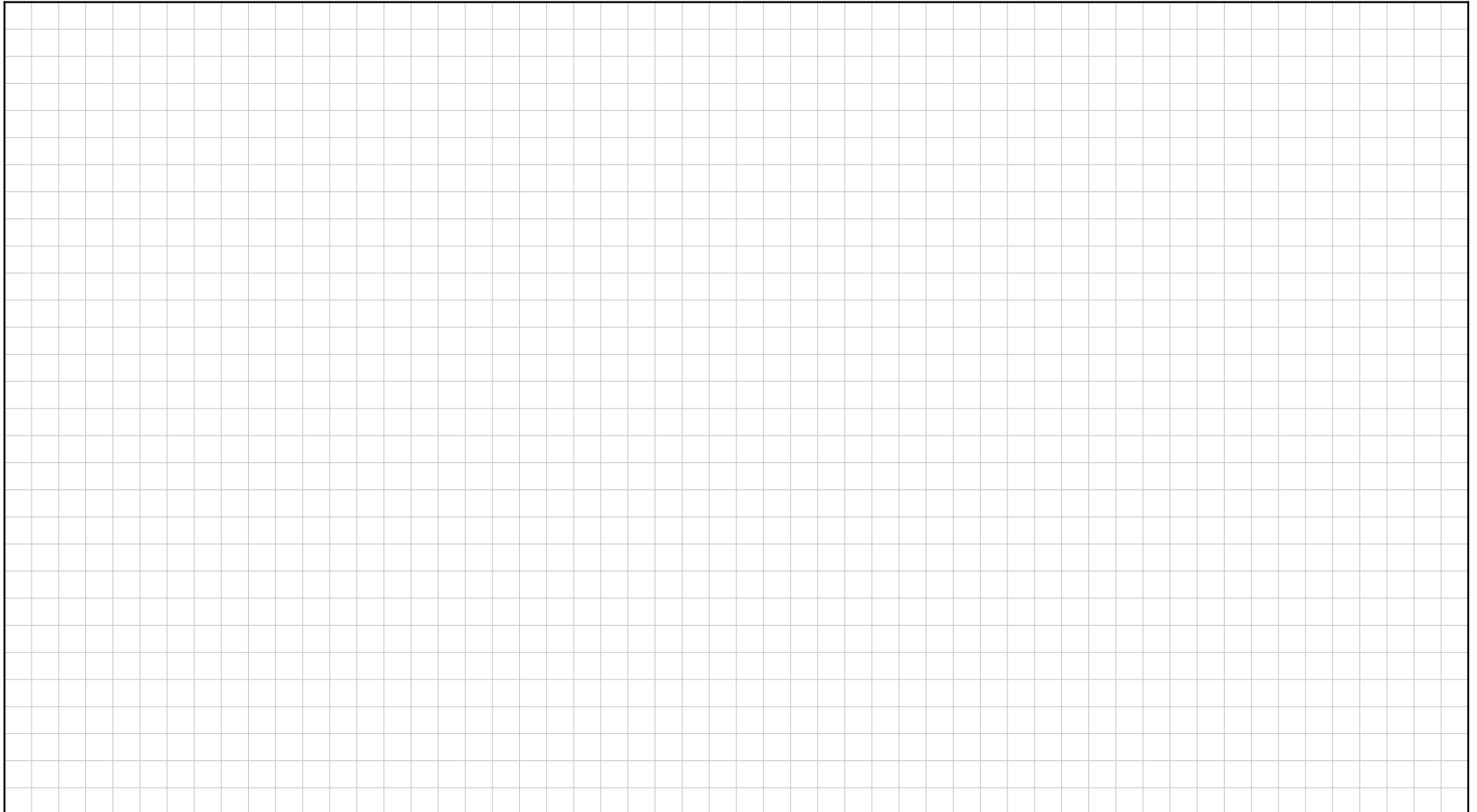
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

A graph to show the average monthly day length



**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date:** \_\_\_\_\_



# Earth and Space

# Statistics Cards 3A



Create a graph to show the average day length by month using the data below. Remember, your y axis will be time duration and should use hours and minutes.

## Northern Hemisphere

## Southern Hemisphere

| London, UK | Hours of daylight | Pretoria, South Africa | Hours of daylight |
|------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| January    | 8h 24m            | January                | 13h 37m           |
| February   | 10h 3m            | February               | 13h               |
| March      | 11h 56m           | March                  | 12h 17m           |
| April      | 13h 58m           | April                  | 11h 31m           |
| May        | 15h 43m           | May                    | 10h 54m           |
| June       | 16h 41m           | June                   | 10h 35m           |
| July       | 16h 14m           | July                   | 10h 43m           |
| August     | 14h 39m           | August                 | 11h 16m           |
| September  | 12h 42m           | September              | 11h 59m           |
| October    | 10h 45m           | October                | 12h 44m           |
| November   | 8h 55m            | November               | 13h 25m           |
| December   | 7h 56m            | December               | 13h 47m           |



Create a graph to show the average day length by month using the data below. Remember, your y axis will be time duration and should use hours and minutes.

## Northern Hemisphere

## Southern Hemisphere

| London, UK | Hours of daylight | Pretoria, South Africa | Hours of daylight |
|------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| January    | 8h 24m            | January                | 13h 37m           |
| February   | 10h 3m            | February               | 13h               |
| March      | 11h 56m           | March                  | 12h 17m           |
| April      | 13h 58m           | April                  | 11h 31m           |
| May        | 15h 43m           | May                    | 10h 54m           |
| June       | 16h 41m           | June                   | 10h 35m           |
| July       | 16h 14m           | July                   | 10h 43m           |
| August     | 14h 39m           | August                 | 11h 16m           |
| September  | 12h 42m           | September              | 11h 59m           |
| October    | 10h 45m           | October                | 12h 44m           |
| November   | 8h 55m            | November               | 13h 25m           |
| December   | 7h 56m            | December               | 13h 47m           |



Create a graph to show the average day length by month using the data below. Remember, your y axis will be time duration and should use hours and minutes.

## Northern Hemisphere

## Southern Hemisphere

| London, UK | Hours of daylight | Pretoria, South Africa | Hours of daylight |
|------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| January    | 8h 24m            | January                | 13h 37m           |
| February   | 10h 3m            | February               | 13h               |
| March      | 11h 56m           | March                  | 12h 17m           |
| April      | 13h 58m           | April                  | 11h 31m           |
| May        | 15h 43m           | May                    | 10h 54m           |
| June       | 16h 41m           | June                   | 10h 35m           |
| July       | 16h 14m           | July                   | 10h 43m           |
| August     | 14h 39m           | August                 | 11h 16m           |
| September  | 12h 42m           | September              | 11h 59m           |
| October    | 10h 45m           | October                | 12h 44m           |
| November   | 8h 55m            | November               | 13h 25m           |
| December   | 7h 56m            | December               | 13h 47m           |

# Earth and Space

# Statistics Cards 3B



Create a graph to show the average day length by month using the data below. Remember, your y axis will be time duration and should use hours and minutes.

## Northern Hemisphere

## Southern Hemisphere

## Equator

| London, UK | Hours of daylight | Pretoria, South Africa | Hours of daylight | Quito, Ecuador | Hours of daylight |
|------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| January    | 8h 24m            | January                | 13h 37m           | January        | 12h 10m           |
| February   | 10h 3m            | February               | 13h               | February       | 12h 9m            |
| March      | 11h 56m           | March                  | 12h 17m           | March          | 12h 9m            |
| April      | 13h 58m           | April                  | 11h 31m           | April          | 12h 9m            |
| May        | 15h 43m           | May                    | 10h 54m           | May            | 12h 9m            |
| June       | 16h 41m           | June                   | 10h 35m           | June           | 12h 9m            |
| July       | 16h 14m           | July                   | 10h 43m           | July           | 12h 9m            |
| August     | 14h 39m           | August                 | 11h 16m           | August         | 12h 9m            |
| September  | 12h 42m           | September              | 11h 59m           | September      | 12h 9m            |
| October    | 10h 45m           | October                | 12h 44m           | October        | 12h 9m            |
| November   | 8h 55m            | November               | 13h 25m           | November       | 12h 10m           |
| December   | 7h 56m            | December               | 13h 47m           | December       | 12h 10m           |



Create a graph to show the average day length by month using the data below. Remember, your y axis will be time duration and should use hours and minutes.

## Northern Hemisphere

## Southern Hemisphere

## Equator

| London, UK | Hours of daylight | Pretoria, South Africa | Hours of daylight | Quito, Ecuador | Hours of daylight |
|------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| January    | 8h 24m            | January                | 13h 37m           | January        | 12h 10m           |
| February   | 10h 3m            | February               | 13h               | February       | 12h 9m            |
| March      | 11h 56m           | March                  | 12h 17m           | March          | 12h 9m            |
| April      | 13h 58m           | April                  | 11h 31m           | April          | 12h 9m            |
| May        | 15h 43m           | May                    | 10h 54m           | May            | 12h 9m            |
| June       | 16h 41m           | June                   | 10h 35m           | June           | 12h 9m            |
| July       | 16h 14m           | July                   | 10h 43m           | July           | 12h 9m            |
| August     | 14h 39m           | August                 | 11h 16m           | August         | 12h 9m            |
| September  | 12h 42m           | September              | 11h 59m           | September      | 12h 9m            |
| October    | 10h 45m           | October                | 12h 44m           | October        | 12h 9m            |
| November   | 8h 55m            | November               | 13h 25m           | November       | 12h 10m           |
| December   | 7h 56m            | December               | 13h 47m           | December       | 12h 10m           |





What do you notice about the Northern Hemisphere's graph?



What do you notice about the Southern Hemisphere's graph?



What differences can you spot between the day length in the two locations?



Which months are summer for the UK?  
How do you know?



Which months are winter for the UK?  
How do you know?



Which months are summer for South Africa?  
How do you know?



Which months are winter for South Africa?  
How do you know?



Which of the two countries has the longest days?



Which of the two countries has the shortest days?



In which months do the two locations have a similar day length. Which seasons are they in?



Can you explain why the UK has longer days in June and South Africa has shorter days?



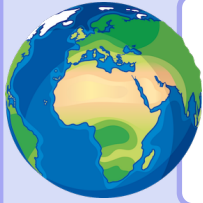
What is the difference between South Africa's longest day and the UK's longest day?

## Earth and Space

## Question Cards 3A



What do you notice about the Northern Hemisphere's graph?



What do you notice about the Southern Hemisphere's graph?



What differences can you spot between the day length in the three locations?



What do you notice about the Equator's graph?



Which months are winter for the UK?  
How do you know?



Which months are summer for the UK?  
How do you know?



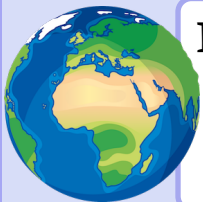
Which months are winter for South Africa?  
How do you know?



Which of the three countries has the longest days?



Can you explain why the equator's graph looks like it does?



In which months do the three locations have a similar day length. Which seasons are they in?



Can you explain why the UK has longer days in June and South Africa has shorter days?



What is the difference between South Africa's longest day and the UK's longest day?

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_



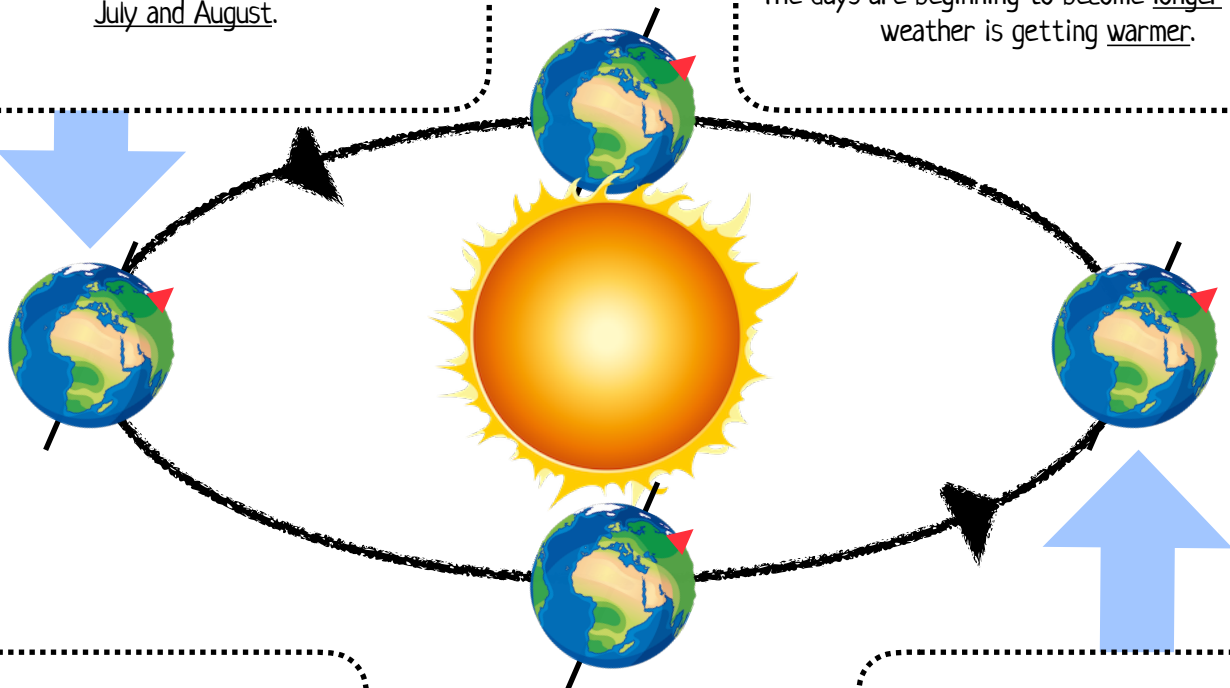
Stick the correct Season Label and description next to the correct position of Earth for each season in the Northern Hemisphere.

## Summer

The Northern Hemisphere is tilted towards the Sun.  
The days are the longest they will be all year and the weather is warm.  
This season occurs during the months of June, July and August.

## Spring

The Northern Hemisphere is not tilted towards, or away from the Sun.  
Earth will be moving into a position where the Northern Hemisphere will be tilted towards the Sun.  
The days are beginning to become longer and the weather is getting warmer.



## Autumn

The Northern Hemisphere is not tilted towards, or away from the Sun.  
Earth will be moving into a position where the Northern Hemisphere will be tilted away from the Sun.  
The days are beginning to become shorter and the weather is getting colder.

## Winter

The Northern Hemisphere is tilted away from the Sun.  
The days are the shortest they will be all year and the weather is cold.  
This season occurs during the months of December, January and February.

