



YEAR 3/4 CYCLE A			BLOCK 1	
Whole academy curriculum project: Lost and Found				
	Aims, Attainment Targets and Guidance		Suggested teaching ideas	
	GA1: Locational, skills & fieldwork			
Phase 1	<ul> <li>Identify the position and significance of latitude and longitude, equator, northern hemisphere and southern hemisphere.</li> <li>Identify the position and significance of the arctic and Antarctic circle.</li> <li>Use maps. Atlases, globes and computer mapping to locate countries (Antarctica)</li> </ul>		Using globes, atlases and maps identify where the south pole is $\rightarrow$ Identify south pole in relation to latitude and longitude, equator, northern hemisphere and southern hemisphere $\rightarrow$ identify the arctic and Antarctic circle $\rightarrow$ compare and contrast arctic and Antarctic.	
	SA1: Animals, including humans			
phase 2	amounts of nutrition, and that they they get nutrition from what they ear	bunks of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food;diet $\rightarrow$ ry get nutrition from what they eat.plate $\rightarrow$ npare and contrast the diets of different animals (including theirdiet of a		the diet of a penguin $\rightarrow$ Investigate a human arch a healthy human diet: suggested dinner npare and contrast the two diets $\rightarrow$ research a ist two other animals (pets – fish and a rabbit) human and pet diets
	Aims, Attainment Targets and Guidance			Suggested teaching sequence
Phase 1	<ul> <li>MA1: Lean on me / CA</li> <li>Listen with attention to detail and rememory.</li> <li>Appreciate and understand a wide remusic drawn from different musicial</li> <li>Play and perform ensemble context.</li> </ul>	ecall sounds with increasing aura ange of high-quality recorded ns. s, using their voices and playing	what makes charanga ur	riendship between the penguin and the boy $\rightarrow$ is a good friend $\rightarrow$ Complete 'Lean on me' nit. nit 3.4 touch typing
	musical instruments with increasing accuracy and fluency. GA2: human/physical geography of the south pole			
phase 2	<ul> <li>Describe and understand climate zo</li> <li>Describe and understand types of se</li> <li>Compare the UK with the south pole use.</li> </ul>	nes. ettlement and land use.	investigate seven world → research	what land is used for in the south pole $\rightarrow$ who/what lives in the south pole $\rightarrow$ watch l, one planet episode 1 $\rightarrow$ Compare to the UK the climate. erson who has worked in the Antarctic
	GA2: skills & fieldwork			
Phase 3	<ul> <li>Use maps. Atlases, globes and comp countries (Antarctica) and describe f</li> <li>Create a map for exploring Antarctic</li> <li>Use simple compass directions and o the location of features and routes o</li> <li>Name and locate the world's 7 conti</li> </ul>	features studied. ca. directional language, describe on a map, use symbols in a key.	create a ma physical/hu map the jou	g locational knowledge, where Antarctica is $\rightarrow$ p for exploring the Antarctic: identify man geography of Antarctica and map out $\rightarrow$ irney from England to Antarctica: use symbols intinents and oceans
Phase 4	SA1: Animals includ	ing humans		
	<ul> <li>Decide ways of grouping diets of difter they eat.</li> <li>Build on previous learning – identify animals that are carnivores, herbivo</li> <li>Research different food groups and design meals based on what they firm</li> </ul>	and name a variety of common res and omnivores (Y1) how they keep us healthy and nd	the type of herbivores a carnivores,	iets of different types of animals $\rightarrow$ identify diet each animal has: link to carnivores, and omnivores $\rightarrow$ Create a menu for a herbivores and omnivores $\rightarrow$ Create a lunch guin and the boy for their journey.
	SA2: Living thing and their habitats /	CA2: Spreadsheets (unit 3.3)		
Phase 5	<ul> <li>Recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways</li> <li>Explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living thigs in their local and wider environment.</li> <li>Explore an example of human impact (positive and negative) on the environment. E.g. nature reserve/litter</li> </ul>		Research the classification key for animals $\rightarrow$ Group (classify) the animals researched for diets $\rightarrow$ consider where animals from the south pole would sit compared to local animals $\rightarrow$ Use spreadsheets to record information Complete unit 3.3 spreadsheets and use classification of animals as the context	